Financial Report

December 31, 2019

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# **Buffington & Hoatland CPAs**

A Professional Limited Liability Company

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors

Auburn Industrial Development Authority

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Auburn Industrial Development Authority, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Auburn Industrial Development Authority basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Auburn Industrial Development Authority, a component unit of the City of Auburn, State of New York, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2020, on our consideration of Auburn Industrial Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Auburn Industrial Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Auburn Industrial Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

supporten & Hoadland CP93 PLLC

Buffington & Hoatland CPAs, PLLC

Auburn, New York

March 18, 2020

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This section of the Auburn Industrial Development Authority's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the year ended December 31, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements and accompanying notes.

# **Basic Financial Statements**

The annual financial report consists of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the basic financial statements. The Authority is a self-supporting entity and the accounts are recorded in accordance with a proprietary fund type. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases and decreases in net assets. The financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

# **Required Financial Statements**

The financial statements of the Authority report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Authority's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. It provides the basis for assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses. This statement measures the financial success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees and other charges, profitability, and credit worthiness. The third required statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the period.

# **Condensed Comparative Financial Information**

The following table contains selected financial information for the past year.

Category	2019			2018
Cash and Investments	\$	99,479	\$	714,764
Capital Assets		309,712		309,712
Other Assets		2,299,067		1,737,651
Total Assets	_\$	2,708,258	\$	2,762,127
Current Liabilities	\$	873,639	\$	803,657
Long-Term Debt		1,466,721		1,609,157
Total Liabilities	\$	2,4340,360	\$	2,412,814

# **Condensed Comparative Financial Information (Continued)**

Category			2019	2018
Total Revenues		\$	54,001	\$ 12,960
Total Expenses			(35,356)	(31,142)
Decrease in Net Position	_	\$	18,645	\$ (18,182)
Net Position - Invested in Capital, Net of				
Related Debt		\$	286,612	\$ 286,612
Net Position - Unrestricted	15		81,286	 62,641
Total Net Position		\$_	367,898	\$ 349,253

Change in financial categories between 2019 and 2018 include the following:

- The Authority's total net position increased \$18,645 or 5.34%.
- Cash and Investments decreased \$616,285 due to a decreased amount of undistributed PILOT payments at year-end, compared to 2018.
- Current Liabilities, other than PILOT and bond payments, increased \$5,985 or 45.83%.
- Operating Revenues increased \$40,510 resulting from an increase in projects.
- Operating Expenses increased \$4,214, which is related to an increase in travel/meeting expenses and contract services.

## Financial Analysis of the Agency

The Authority is engaged in activities to support economic growth in the City of Auburn, including job creation and retention, and increasing the net wealth of the City. The Authority does not receive any general appropriations from local, county or state government to support its operations. The Authority collects revenue for its operating purposes from the issuance of bonds and PILOTS, administrative fees, and from interest on investments. In the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority received in administrative fees and interest income from these sources \$54,001 an increase of \$41,041 from the prior year. In the year ended December 31, 2018, the Authority received in administrative fees and investment income from these sources \$12,960. This increase is due to an increase in project applications in 2019 and thus fees related to new or amended projects entered into during the fiscal year. For qualified transactions, the Authority enters into PILOT agreements in which the Authority collects payments that are disbursed to the appropriate tax jurisdictions. PILOT payments equaled \$1,189,992 in the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase is related to normal annual reduction of abatement for most projects, as well as some increased property assessments. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority did not sell any land, but did approve a PILOT for one project, approved sales and use tax exemptions and/or mortgage recording tax exemptions for two projects, approved a sales and use tax exemption to one project, and approved a mortgage modification for one project.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets: As of December 31, 2019, the Authority's investment in capital assets was \$309,712 (net of depreciation). The principal capital assets of the Authority are 28.31 acres of land, acquired as part of the strategic acquisition of land and buildings for future development. This is exclusive of property leases.

# Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Long Term Debt: The Authority has two long-term debt obligations consisting of one bond and one note that total \$1,596,149. The Authority did not incur any new long-term debt obligations in the year ended December 31, 2019. The obligations include:

# Bond Payable:

• Bluefield Manor Housing, Inc. The bond's balance at December 31, 2019 is \$1,573,049 payable in monthly installments of \$14,167 including interest at 5-year treasury rates plus ½ percent adjustable on 5-year anniversaries until August 1, 2030. The interest rate is the prevailing five-year Treasury bill rate plus ½%. The bond is collateralized by the property and equipment, accounts receivable and general intangibles.

## Note Payable:

• A note payable to City of Auburn of \$23,100 with annual interest payments of \$690, representing interest only at 3% commencing April 2002. Principal is due upon the sale of 5000 Technology Park Boulevard, Auburn. Collateralized by a first mortgage on the property.

#### **Economic Factors**

The Authority's basic purpose is to assist business growth and expansion in the City of Auburn, New York. The business and economic climate in the City has been relatively steady in recent year despite fluctuating conditions throughout the United States. Looking ahead, the City of Auburn has been presented with unique opportunities that could improve economic conditions. First, the northwestern census tract of the city was designated a Federal Opportunity Zone, which provides tax incentives for capital investments within designated zones. The Auburn Technology Park, including the Authority's land, is located in the Opportunity Zone. Second, the City of Auburn was awarded a \$10 million Downtown Revitalization Initiative grant by the State of New York. This grant funding will catalyze investment in downtown Auburn, which could have broader economic impacts throughout the City of Auburn. To date in 2019, the Authority has approved two projects for incentives; one for a sales and use tax exemption only, the other for both a sales and use tax exemption and a mortgage recording tax abatement. At the present time, the Authority has no active applications for PILOT agreement, but does have multiple potential projects in the pipeline.

# Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the City of Auburn's citizens and taxpayers, and the clients of the Authority, with a general overview of the Authority's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Cayuga Economic Development Agency.

Respectfully yours,

Tract Verrier
Executive Director

# Auburn Industrial Development Authority Statement of Net Position

# December 31, 2019

	2019
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,479
PILOT payment receivable	725,168
Prepaid expenses	850
Property lease - current	129,428
Total Current Assets	954,925
Capital Assets	
Land	309,712
Equipment	20,032_
	329,744
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(20,032)
Total Capital Assets, Net	309,712
Property Lease - Net of Current	1,443,621
Total Assets	ф. 2.700.2ca
1 otal A55ct5	\$ 2,708,258

	2019
Liabilities and Net Position	
Current Liabilities	
D1	Ф 100 400
Bonds payable - current	\$ 129,428
PILOT payments payable Accounts payable	725,168 10,583
Interest payable	8,460
interest payable	
Total Current Liabilities	873,639
Long-Term Debt	
Bond payable, net of current	1,443,621
Note payable	23,100
	<del></del>
Total Long-Term Debt	1,466,721
Total Liabilities	2,340,360
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	286,612
Unrestricted	81,286
Total Net Position	367,898
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 2,708,258

# Auburn Industrial Development Authority Statement of Revenue and Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019
Operating Revenue	
Administrative fee income	\$ 53,180
Operating Expenses	;a:
Operating Expenses	
Dues and subscriptions	1,025
Professional fees	6,237
Contract services	24,456
Conferences, seminars, and trade shows	2,717
Miscellaneous	231
Total Operating Expenses	34,666
Operating Income	18,514
Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	
Interest income	821
Interest expense	(690)
	(020)
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	131
Change in Net Position	\$ 18,645

# Auburn Industrial Development Authority Statement of Changes in Net Position

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	Unr	restricted	_Ne	Total t Position
Net Position - Ending December 31, 2018	\$ 286,612	\$	62,641	\$	349,253
Change in net position	-		18,645		18,645
Net Position - Ending December 31, 2019	\$ 286,612	\$	81,286	\$	367,898

# Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_	2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received for PILOT program	\$	493,787
Cash payments for PILOT program		(1,132,852)
Cash paid for professional fees		(6,237)
Cash received for administrative fees		53,180
Cash received from interest income		821
Cash paid for other operating expenses		(23,984)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(615,285)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		714,764
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	99,479
Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		
Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: (Increase) decrease in assets:	\$	18,645
PILOT payments receivable		(696,205)
Prepaid expenses		(851)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(351)
PILOT payments payable		57,141
Accounts payable		5,295
Interest payable		690
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(615,285)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

# Note 1 - Nature of Operations

The Auburn Industrial Development Authority was created by the New York State
Legislature in 1969 as Title 15 of Article 8 of the Public Authorities Law. The Authority was
formed to advance the job opportunities, general prosperity, sustainability and economic welfare
of the people of the City of Auburn, New York, through the use of economic development
incentives for qualified projects within the City. The Authority created under this Act is a
corporate governmental Authority constituting a public benefit corporation. The Authority is
considered a component unit of the City of Auburn.

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# **Basis of Accounting**

The Agency's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for proprietary funds. Under this method, revenue is recognized when performance obligations have been met and expenses are recognized when incurred regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

# **Basis of Presentation**

GASB requires the classification of Net Position into three classifications as defined below.

## **Net Invested in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

## Restricted Net Position

This component of net position consists of amounts which have external constraints placed on their use imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2019, the Agency has no restricted net positions.

### **Unrestricted Net Position**

This component of net positions consists of funds that do not meet the definition of invested in capital assets, net of related debt", or "restricted".

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Revenue Recognition

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The ASU and all subsequently issued clarifying ASUs replaced most of the existing revenue recognition guidance in US GAAP. The Agency adopted the requirements of the new guidance as of January 1, 2019, utilizing the full retrospective method of transition. The Agency does not believe the application of the provisions has a material effect on the amounts presented or disclosed.

The Agency charges an administrative service fee for each project based upon the type of tax incentive. The revenue is recognized when the Agency meets the performance obligation of the contract. Application fees to submit an application are non-refundable and recognized up submission of the application. Grant income is recorded as revenue when the conditions of the grant have been met. Administrative services fees are intended to be used for operating expenses and to fund continuing operations. Incidental items that are immaterial in the context of a contract are expensed.

# **Operating and Non-Operating Revenue**

The Agency's revenue consists of operating and non-operating revenue. Operating revenue is revenue collected from tax incentive agreements, grants and income from administrative functions. Non-operating revenue is interest income and other investment income.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# PILOT Payments Receivable

PILOT payments receivable are stated at outstanding balances. The Authority considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible. If collection becomes doubtful, an allowance for credit loss will be established, or the accounts will be charged to income when that determination is made by management. Unpaid balances remaining after the stated payment terms are considered past due. Recoveries of previously charged off accounts are recorded when received.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# **Capital Assets**

All acquisitions of property and equipment in excess of \$500 and all expenditures for repairs, maintenance, renewals, and betterments that materially prolong the useful lives of assets are capitalized. Capital assets are carried at cost, or if donated, at the approximate fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation is computed using primarily the straight-line method over the following useful lives of the respective classes of property:

	Years
D	
Equipment	5

No amount was recorded for depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019.

# Supplemental Disclosures - Statements of Cash Flow

The Authority considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **Non-Cash Transactions**

The Authority does not collect on its capital lease arrangements as explained in Note 4. The increase and decrease in investments in property leases and bonds payable paid by the entity directly to the related financial institution are the non-cash items.

# Conduit Debt Obligations

The term *conduit debt obligations* refers to debt instruments issued by the Authority for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the Authority's financial reporting entity. Although conduit debt obligations bear the name of the Authority, the Authority has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf they are issued.

## **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Authority maintains its cash balances in one financial institution located in Auburn, New York. Accounts at the institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The amounts over the FDIC limit are secured by United States Treasury Bills. As of December 31, 2019, the Authority had no amounts in excess of the FDIC limit.

#### **Tax-Exempt Status**

The Authority has been organized under the Public Authorities Law by the New York State Legislature. Under Code Section 2326, Article 8, Title 15 of this law, the Authority is exempt from income taxes and immune from other taxes. Therefore, no provision is made for taxes on income.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Payments In Lieu Of Taxes (PILOT)

A significant inducement in The Authority projects is exemption from real property, sales and mortgage taxes. By law, all property titled to the Authority is exempt from these taxes. In practice, however, Payments In Lieu Of Taxes (PILOT) is often negotiated with the applicant. PILOT may represent full or partial remuneration to one or more of the real property tax jurisdictions involved.

The Authority is responsible for tracking all PILOT payments whether made by the Authority in connection with property it owns or made directly to the taxing authorities by the Organizations participating in the program. A total of 15 Organizations participated in the PILOT program and \$1,189,992 in payments were administrated by the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively.

# Note 3 - Capital Assets

Capital asset additions, retirements, and balances consist of the following for the year ended December 31:

	Balance December 31, 2018	Add	litions	Retire	ments	Dece	alance mber 31, 2019
Land	\$ 309,712	\$	•	\$	_	\$	309,712
Equipment	20,032			-			20,032
Totals at Cost	329,744		959		53		329,744
Accumulated depreciation for: Equipment	(20,032)		542		-		(20,032)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 309,712	\$		\$		\$	309,712

# Note 4 - Property Lease and Bond Payable

In accordance with its corporate purpose, the Authority has issued bonds to promote and develop various businesses within the City of Auburn. The Authority holds legal title to the properties, under which such bonds were issued in order for businesses to acquire or renovate various facilities. The bonds represent non-recourse debt of the Authority. The Authority's primary function is to arrange financing between borrowing companies and bondholders. For providing this service, the Authority receives administration fees from the borrowing companies.

The Authority leases the facilities to the businesses under capital lease arrangements. These leases are considered to be capital leases since the lessee can purchase the facility at the end of the lease term for a nominal amount.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

# Note 4 - Property Lease and Bond Payable (Continued)

Each asset, "Property Lease" is offset by an equal liability "Bond Payable". The Authority acts as an intermediary between the principal receipts from the lessee and the principal payments on the bonds as the Authority does not receive or pay these monies directly. Any interest collected and paid on the bond is excluded from the accompanying statements.

As of December 31, 2019, the Authority has outstanding the following lease and bond:

1. Bluefield Manor Housing, Inc. dated December 21, 2001.

## Note 5 - Bond Payable

The Authority has the following bond as of December 31:

	2019
Bluefield Manor Housing, Inc.:	
Balance payable in monthly installments of \$14,199 of	
of principal and interest at a rate of 2.71% through	
August, 2015; from September 2015 payable in monthly	
installments of \$14,167 of principal and interest at a rate	
of 2.68%; interest will be adjusted every five year and	
fixed at the prevailing five year Treasury bill rate plus	
½%; note is collateralized by security interest in the	
property and equipment, accounts receivable, and	
general intangibles.	\$1,573,049
Current portion	(129,428)
	\$1,443,621

The bond account is held by a bank as trustee. The lessee pays the trustee directly the required principal and interest payments.

Aggregate maturities of long-term debt, assuming no change in current terms, consist of the following for the five year ending December 31:

2020	\$	129,428
2021		132,940
2022		136,547
2023		140,252
2024		144,062
Thereafter		889,820
	<u>\$</u>	1,573,049

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

# Note 6 - Note Payable

In conjunction with the purchase of property, the Authority entered into the following debt obligation with the City of Auburn as of December 31:

2019

Note payable to the City of Auburn with annual interest payments of \$690, representing interest only at 3%, commencing April, 2002; principal due upon sale of property at 5000 Technology Park Boulevard, Auburn; collateralized by a mortgage on the property.

\$23,100

Accrued interest totals \$8,460 for the year ending December 31, 2019.

# Note 7 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss such as torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors, omissions and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Any settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past four years. In management's opinion, there are no material contingencies required to be accrued or disclosed.

## **Note 8 - Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 18, 2020, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



# **Buffington & Hoatland CPAs**

A Professional Limited Liability Company

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors

Auburn Industrial Development Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Auburn Industrial Development Agency as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cayuga County Industrial Development Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2020.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Cayuga County Industrial Development Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Auburn Industrial Development Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Auburn Industrial Development Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Auburn Industrial Development Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Romyton & Howton't CPGs, PLLC

Buffington & Hoatland CPAs, PLLC

Auburn, New York March 18, 2020



# **Buffington & Hoatland CPAs**

A Professional Limited Liability Company

Report on Compliance with Section 2925(3)(f) of the New York State Public Authorities Law

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors Auburn Industrial Development Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of Auburn Industrial Development Authority (Authority), a component unit of the City of Auburn, State of New York, which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2019, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and we have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2020.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Authority failed to comply with §2925(3)(f) of the New York State Public Authorities Law regarding investment guidelines during the year ended December 31, 2018. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Authority's noncompliance with the above rules and regulations.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope and results of our testing. This communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bullington & Hastland CPas, PLLC

Buffington & Hoatland CPAs, PLLC

Auburn, New York March 18, 2020